AUG 2 9 2006

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

Application No. 1010/629,368 Amendment dated August 29, 2006 Reply to Office Action of May 31, 2006

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. At the request of the examiner, the Applicant has <u>not</u> included a clean copy of the amended claims as an Appendix to this Reply.

Please cancel claims 5, 16, 19, and 20. With the entry of this response, claims 1-4, 6-15, 17-18, and 21-30 will remain in this case.

## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method of producing coronary vasodilation without significant peripheral vasodilation comprising administering by intravenous (iv) bolus at least 10 μg of at least one A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist selected from the group consisting of CVT-3146, named (1-{9-[(4S.2R.3R.5R)-3,4-dihydroxy-5-(hydroxymethyl)oxolan-2-yl]-6-aminopurin-2-yl}pyrazol-4-yl)-N-methylcarboxamide, which has the formula:

CVT-3033, named (4S,2R,3R,5R)-2-[6-amino-2-(1-pentylpyrazol-4-yl)purin-9yl]-5-(hydroxymethyl)oxolane-3,4-diol, which has the formula:

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

and combinations thereof to a human.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount that does not exceed about 1000  $\mu g$ .
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 10 to about 600 µg.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered in a single dose.
  - 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 0.05 to about 60  $\mu$ g/kg and wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered by  $\frac{1}{2}$  intravenous (iv) bolus.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 0.1 to about 30  $\mu$ g/kg wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered by  $\frac{i}{i}$  intravenous (iv) bolus.

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

Application No. 1010/629,368
Amendment dated August 29, 2006
Reply to Office Action of May 31, 2006

- 8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount no greater than about 20  $\mu$ g/kg to a supine patient and wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered by  $\frac{1}{2}$  intravenous (iv) bolus.
- 9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered in an amount no greater than about 10 μg/kg to a standing patient wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered by iv intravenous (iv) bolus.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 10 to about 600  $\mu$ g wherein the wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in about 20 seconds.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 10 to about 600 µg wherein the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist is administered in less than about 10 seconds.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount greater than about 100  $\mu$ g.
- 13. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount no greater than 600  $\mu$   $\mu$ g.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount no greater than 500  $\mu g$ .
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the  $A_{2\Lambda}$  receptor agonist is administered in an amount ranging from about 100  $\mu$ g to about 500  $\mu$ g.
  - 16. (Canceled)

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

17. (Currently amended) A method of myocardial perfusion imaging of a human, comprising administering a radionuclide and a an A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist selected from the group consisting of CVT-3146, named (1-{9-[(4S,2R,3R,5R)-3,4-dihydroxy-5-(hydroxymethyl)oxolan-2-yl}-6-aminopurin-2-yl}pyrazol-4-yl)-N-methylcarboxamide, which has the formula:

CVT-3033, named (4S,2R,3R,5R)-2-[6-amino-2-(1-pentylpyrazol-4-yl)purin-9yl]-5-(hydroxymethyl)oxolane-3,4-diol, which has the formula:

and combinations thereof to the human, wherein the administration of the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist causes at least a 2.5 fold increase in coronary blood flow that is achieved within about 1 minute from the administration of the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist, and wherein the myocardium is examined for areas of insufficient blood flow following administration of the radionuclide and the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist.

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the myocardium examination begins within about 1 minute from the time the  $A_{2\Lambda}$  receptor agonist is administered.

19-20. (Canceled)

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the radionuclide and the A<sub>2A</sub> receptor agonist are administered separately.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the radionuclide and the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist are administered simultaneously.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the administration of the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist causes at least a 2.5 fold increase in coronary blood flow for less than about 5 minutes.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the administration of the  $A_{2\Lambda}$  receptor agonist causes at least a 2.5 fold increase in coronary blood flow for less than about 3 minutes.
- 25. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17 wherein the  $A_{2A}$  receptor agonist is CVT-3146 which is administered in an amount ranging from about 10 to about 600  $\mu$ g in a single iv intravenous (iv) bolus.
- 26. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25 wherein CVT-3146 is administered in an amount ranging from about 100 to about 500 µg in a single iv intravenous (iv) bolus.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the a  $A_{2\Lambda}$  receptor agonist is CVT-3146 which is administered in a single dose in an amount ranging from 10 to about 600  $\mu$ g that is independent of the weight of the human being dosed.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the dose is administered in about 30 seconds or less.

Atty Dkt No. 02-479-C

- 29. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the dose is administered in about 20 seconds or less.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the  $A_{2\Lambda}$  receptor agonist is administered in a single dose.